

Mole Conversion Practice

Avogadro's Number, Molar Mass, Molar Volume

Name: Key

Date:

Block:

1. How many atoms are in 2 molecules of $\text{Hg}(\text{IO}_3)_2$?

$$2 \text{ molecules} \times \frac{9 \text{ atoms}}{1 \text{ molecule}} = 18 \text{ atoms.}$$

2. What volume at STP is occupied by 1.45×10^{30} molecules of COF_2 gas?

$$1.45 \times 10^{30} \text{ molecules} \times \frac{1 \text{ mol}}{6.022 \times 10^{23} \text{ molecules}} \times \frac{22.4 \text{ L}}{1 \text{ mol}} = 5.39 \times 10^7 \text{ L COF}_2$$

3. How many molecules are there in 64.0 g of FeS ?

↳ molar mass: 87.92 g/mol

$$64.0 \text{ g} \times \frac{1 \text{ mol}}{87.92 \text{ g}} \times \frac{6.022 \times 10^{23} \text{ molecules}}{1 \text{ mol}} = 4.38 \times 10^{23} \text{ molecules FeS}$$

4. How many moles are in 25.0 mL of HCN at STP?

$$25.0 \text{ mL} \times \frac{1 \text{ L}}{1000 \text{ mL}} \times \frac{1 \text{ mol}}{22.4 \text{ L}} = 1.12 \times 10^{-3} \text{ mol HCN}$$

5. What volume at STP is occupied by 43.5 g of ClF_3 ?

↳ 92.45 g/mol

$$43.5 \text{ g} \times \frac{1 \text{ mol}}{92.45 \text{ g}} \times \frac{22.4 \text{ L}}{1 \text{ mol}} = 10.5 \text{ L ClF}_3$$

6. How many moles are in 2.75×10^{23} atoms of Fe ?

$$2.75 \times 10^{23} \text{ atoms} \times \frac{1 \text{ mol}}{6.022 \times 10^{23} \text{ atoms}} = 0.457 \text{ moles Fe}$$

7. How many molecules are there in 125 mL of NOCl at STP?

$$125 \text{ mL} \times \frac{1 \text{ L}}{1000 \text{ mL}} \times \frac{1 \text{ mol}}{22.4 \text{ L}} \times \frac{6.022 \times 10^{23} \text{ molecules}}{1 \text{ mole}} = 3.36 \times 10^{21} \text{ molecules NOCl}$$

1. 18 atoms 2. $5.39 \times 10^7 \text{ L}$ 3. 4.38×10^{23} molecules 4. 1.12×10^{-3} mol 5. 10.5 L 6. 0.457 moles 7. 3.36×10^{21} molecules

Molarity Practice

Name:

Date:

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1. How many grams of magnesium cyanide are needed to make 275 mL of a 0.075 M solution?

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{Mg(CN)}_2 \\ = 76.35 \text{ g/mol} \end{array} \quad 275 \text{ mL} \times \frac{1 \text{ L}}{1000 \text{ mL}} \times \frac{0.075 \text{ mol}}{1 \text{ L}} \times \frac{76.35 \text{ g}}{1 \text{ mol}} = 1.6 \text{ g Mg(CN)}_2$$

2. What is the molarity of a solution made when 52 grams of potassium sulfate is added to 4100 mL of water?

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{K}_2\text{SO}_4 \\ = 174.27 \text{ g/mol} \end{array} \quad \frac{52 \text{ g}}{4100 \text{ mL}} \times \frac{1 \text{ mol}}{174.27 \text{ g}} \times \frac{1000 \text{ mL}}{1 \text{ L}} = 0.073 \text{ M K}_2\text{SO}_4$$

3. Find the volume of a 0.75 M solution if it contains 39 grams of potassium hydroxide.

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{KOH} \\ = 56.1 \text{ g/mol} \end{array} \quad 39 \text{ g} \times \frac{1 \text{ mol}}{56.1 \text{ g}} \times \frac{1 \text{ L}}{0.75 \text{ mol}} = 0.93 \text{ L KOH}$$

4. How many grams of hydrochloric acid are present in 3.0 L of a 0.750 M solution?

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{HCl} = 36.46 \text{ g/mol} \\ 3.0 \text{ L} \times \frac{0.750 \text{ mol}}{1 \text{ L}} \times \frac{36.46 \text{ g}}{1 \text{ mol}} = 82 \text{ g HCl} \end{array}$$

5. Explain how you would make 675 mL of a 0.400 M barium iodide solution.

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{BaI}_2 = 391.13 \text{ g/mol} \\ 675 \text{ mL} \times \frac{1 \text{ L}}{1000 \text{ mL}} \times \frac{0.400 \text{ mol}}{1 \text{ L}} \times \frac{391.13 \text{ g}}{1 \text{ mol}} = 106 \text{ g BaI}_2 \end{array}$$

6. 200.0 g of NaCl are dissolved in 100. mL of water. Calculate the molarity of the solution.

$$\frac{200.0 \text{ g}}{100. \text{ mL}} \times \frac{1000 \text{ mL}}{1 \text{ L}} \times \frac{1 \text{ mol}}{58.44 \text{ g}} = 34.2 \text{ M NaCl}$$

7. How many grams of AgCl are required to prepare 150.0 mL of 0.200 M solution?

$$150.0 \text{ mL} \times \frac{1 \text{ L}}{1000 \text{ mL}} \times \frac{0.200 \text{ mol}}{1 \text{ L}} \times \frac{143.32 \text{ g}}{1 \text{ mol}} = 4.30 \text{ g AgCl}$$

8. What is the concentration that results when 184.7 g of potassium chromate is dissolved in enough water to make a 500.0 mL solution?

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{K}_2\text{CrO}_4 \\ 184.7 \text{ g} \\ 500.0 \text{ mL} \end{array} \times \frac{1000 \text{ mL}}{1 \text{ L}} \times \frac{1 \text{ mol}}{194.20 \text{ g}} = 1.902 \text{ M K}_2\text{CrO}_4$$